Bravopress®

TECHNOPOLYMER (PPSU) PRESS FITTINGS





Bravopress® is a press fittings system made of a technopolymer (PPSU), a plastic material characterized by exceptional mechanical strength and corrosion resistance, employed for the construction of water supply, heating, cooling and industrial systems.

By using a portable pressing machine equipped with a suitable jaw, the pipe is shaped around the fitting insert.

Even in the presence of temperature fluctuations, the joint is perfectly watertight and cannot be loosened thanks to the stainless-steel sleeve that covers the portion of pipe in contact with the insert.

The sleeve has inspection holes to verify the correct insertion of the pipe on the fitting.

Features

Hygiene

Bravopress® press fittings are certified to transport potable water, and can therefore be used for the construction of domestic hot and cold water distribution systems. The material used to make these fittings provides an exceptional level of hygiene as well as offering an excellent resistance to treatments against Legionella.

• Chemical resistance

The material used to make these fittings, polyphenylsulfone (PPSU), is a polymer characterized by an exceptional resistance to oxidation and corrosion, to the main chemical compounds dissolved in water, and to cement and lime. The mechanical properties of this material such as the tensile strength, modulus of elasticity and aging resistance far exceeds those of normal polymers.

Multipress

The Bravopress® fittings are multipress and therefore compatible with a wide range of pressing profiles available on the market (H, TH, U, C, VAL) and this allows the plumber to use the pressing jaws already in his possession without having to buy new ones.

Safety

The Bravopress® fittings are designed so that to indicate any incomplete pressing during system testing, which according to international standards is necessary once the system has been completed (please refer to the chapter "Commissioning").



Thanks to the particular profile of the insert, the fittings indicate incomplete pressing by dripping, thus immediately identifying the point to be repaired (feature available from Ø16 to Ø32 at 0,5÷2 bar).

Furthermore, the fittings are created with a special insert having a profile that prevents the pipe from becoming disconnected and two ring seals to guarantee maximum safety and reliability over time.

The physical and chemical integrity of the coupling is guaranteed by the anti-loosening profile, the double seal ring and a plastic ring that insulates the aluminium layer of the multilayer pipe from the brass alloy of the fitting body.

Ease of use

Bravopress® is extremely easy to use and can be installed using a special portable pressing machine in a very fast way, thus reducing the overall installation costs. In addition, the product is characterised by an extreme lightness.

Table. Bravopress® fittings features.

Polyphenylsulfone (PPSU), characterized by extreme hygiene, chemical resistance and high mechanical characteristics					
AISI 304 stainless steel with inspection holes to check the correct insertion of the pipe					
2 made of EPDM					
Polyphenylensulphone is a plastic material not subject to corrosion and oxidation and eliminates the problem of stray currents					
16÷63 mm					
Pexal [®] , Mixal [®] , Thermoline [®]					
Pipe cutter, calibrator, lubricant, pressing machine					

Table. Pressing profiles for Bravopress® fittings.

Diameter	Pressing profile
16x2	H, TH, U
20x2	H, TH, U
25x2,5	TH, U
26x3	H, TH, C
32x3	H, TH, U
40x3,5	VAL, TH, U
50x4	VAL, TH, U
63x4,5	VAL, TH, U

 $\label{thm:local_problem} \textbf{Note: during installations, always check the suitable pressing profiles for the fitting in question.}$



Pressing profile H, U, C, VAL



Pressing profile TH



Range

Table. Bravopress® fittings and accessories.

Description	Design	Description	Design
Intermediate coupling		Reducing coupling	
Threaded coupling (male)	Tegan.	Threaded coupling (female)	7 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Elbow		Threaded elbow (male)	1 2 2
Threaded elbow (female)		Uniontee	To and Problem
Reducing union tee		Threaded union tee (female)	
Wingback elbow		45° elbow	

Approvals

The approvals of Valsir® supply systems are available on the website www.valsir.com



Localized pressure losses for Bravopress® fittings

 $\textbf{Table} \ \, \textbf{Equivalent lengths} \ \, \textbf{L} \ \, \textbf{for heating/conditioning systems}.$

									Fitt	ing								
Pipe		<u></u>				3								1		٤		
								Wat	er vel	ocity [m/s]							
	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.8
								Equi	ivalen	t lengt	th L _{eq}							
16x2	0.2	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.2	1.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.3	0.3	0.4
20x2	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.2	1.4	1.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.4
26x3	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	0.4	0.5	0.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.9	2.1	0.3	0.4	0.4
32x3	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.8	2.1	2.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.0	2.3	2.6	0.4	0.4	0.5
40x3,5	0,2	0,2	0,3	2,0	2,3	2,6	0,5	0,6	0,6	2,3	2,6	2,9	2,3	2,6	2,9	0,4	0,4	0,5
50x4	0,1	0,2	0,2	2,5	2,9	3,2	0,6	0,6	0,7	2,9	3,3	3,6	2,8	3,2	3,5	0,4	0,5	0,6
63x4,5	0,0	0,1	0,1	2,9	3,3	3,7	0,6	0,7	0,8	3,4	3,8	4,2	3,2	3,7	4,1	0,5	0,5	0,6

Note. In heating and conditioning systems, the maximum velocity recommended is 0.3 m/s for the connections to the terminal units, 0.5 m/s for horizontal manifolds and 0.8 m/s for common pipes.

Table Equivalent lengths L_n for water supply systems.

						Fitt	ing					
Pipe											<u> </u>	
					V	Vater vel	ocity [m/s	s]				
	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
	Equivalent length L _{eq}											
16x2	0.4	0.5	1.7	1.9	0.6	0.6	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.2	0.4	0.5
20x2	0.4	0.5	2.0	2.3	0.6	0.7	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.6	0.5	0.5
26x3	0.4	0.4	2.3	2.7	0.7	0.7	2.6	2.9	2.6	3.0	0.5	0.6
32x3	0.3	0.4	2.9	3.2	0.7	0.8	3.2	3.6	3.2	3.6	0.6	0.6
40x3,5	0,4	0,4	3,2	3,6	0,8	0,9	3,6	4,1	3,5	4,0	0,6	0,7
50x4	0,3	0,4	3,9	4,4	0,9	1,0	4,4	5,0	4,3	4,9	0,7	0,8
63x4,5	0,3	0,3	4,5	5,0	0,9	1,0	5,1	5,8	4,9	5,5	0,7	0,8

Note. In water supply systems the maximum velocity recommended is 2 m/s for the supply manifolds, the risers and the branch lines to the floors and 4 m/s for the end sections that connect to the individual points of use.



Table k loss factors.

			Fitt	ing		
Pipe						
			k loss	factor		
16x2	1.0	3.8	1.3	4.1	4.3	1.0
20x2	0.7	3.2	1.0	3.4	3.6	0.8
26x3	0.5	2.8	0.8	3.1	3.2	0.6
32x3	0.3	2.5	0.6	2.8	2.8	0.5
40x3,5	0,3	2,1	0,5	2,3	2,3	0,4
50x4	0,2	1,9	0,4	2,1	2,1	0,3
63x4,5	0,1	1,6	0,3	1,8	1,8	0,3

